I Semester M.B.A. Degree Examination, July 2022 (CBCS Scheme) MANAGEMENT Paper – 1.4 : Statistics for Management

Time : 3 Hours

SECTION – A

Answer any five questions. Each question carries five marks :

(5×5=25)

- 1. Explain the concepts of skewness and kurtosis with illustrations.
- 2. Fit a straight-line trend by the method of least squares for the following data. Also estimate the sales for the year 2022 :

Year	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Sales (Rs. in lakhs)	3	8	7	9	11	14

3. From the following data, compute Pearson's correlation coefficient. Also find the probable error and discuss the significance of correlation :

Price	10	12	14	15	19
Demand	40	41	48	60	50

4. 1,000 students at college level were graded according to their I.Q. and the economic conditions of their homes. Use 5% level of significance to test whether there is a relationship between economic conditions at home and I.Q.

144. S 1		IQ	
Economic Conditions	High	Low	Total
Rich	460	140	600
Poor	240	160	400
Total	700	300	1,000

- 5. A committee is to be constituted by selecting three people at random from a group consisting of 5 Economists and 4 Statisticians. Find the probability that the committee will consist of :
 - a) 3 Economists
 - b) 3 Statisticians.
- What is Probability Sampling ? Explain about different types of probability sampling.

P.T.O.



Max. Marks : 70

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- 7. A sales manager wants to know whether a special promotional campaign is a success. Following table depicts the data. Test at 5% level of significance, whether it is a success :

Retail Outlets	1	2	3	4	5
Sales before campaign	110	120	123	132	125
Sales after campaign	120	118	125	136	121

SECTION - B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries ten marks :

 $(3 \times 10 = 30)$

 Compute Laspeyre's, Paasche's and Fisher's price index number for 2021 and prove that Fisher's price index number satisfies the time and factor reversal tests :

Commodity		2020	2021		
commonly	Price (Rs.)	Quantity (Kg.)	(Kg.) Price (Rs.) 20 23 14 25	Quantity (Kg.)	
Α	15	12	20	18	
В	18	15	23	19	
С	10	14	14	17	
D	20	19	25	23	
E	16	20	19	21	

- 9. The customer accounts of a certain departmental store have an average balance of Rs. 1,200 and a standard deviation of Rs. 400. Assuming that the account balances are normally distributed.
 - i) What percentage of the accounts is over Rs. 1,500?
 - ii) What percentage of the accounts is between Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 1,500 ?
 - iii) What percentage of the accounts is below Rs. 2,000 ?
 - iv) What is the probability that the accounts are between Rs. 800 and Rs. 1,600 ?
- 10. A manufacturing company has to select one of the two products A or B for manufacturing. Product A requires investment of Rs. 20,000 and product B Rs. 40,000. Market research survey shows high, medium and low demands with corresponding probabilities and returns from sales in Rs. Thousand for the two products in the following table :

Market demand	Pro	bability	Return from sales		
High	0.4	0.3	50	80	
Medium	0.3	0.5	30	60	
Low	0.3	0.2	10	50	

Construct an appropriate decision tree. What decision the company should take ?

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11. Following information is obtained from the records of a business organization :

Sales (in '000)	91	53	45	76	89	95	80	65
Advertisement Expense (in '000)	15	8	7	12	17	25	20	13

You are required to :

- i. Compute regression coefficients
- ii. Obtain the two regression equations and,
- iii. Estimate the advertisement expenditure for a sale of Rs. 1,20,000.

SECTION – C (Compulsory)

12. Case study :

(1×15=15)

The following data presents the number of units of production per day turned out by 5 different workers using 4 different types of machines :

Workers		Machine Type					
\checkmark	Α	B	С	D			
1	44	39	45	36			
2	46	40	52	43			
3	36	37	44	32			
4	43	38	46	33			
5	38	42	49	39			

At 5% level,

- a) Test whether the mean production is the same for the different machine types.
- b) Test whether the 5 workers differ with respect to mean production.